



**KATIE HOBBS**  
SECRETARY OF STATE

October 19, 2022

*Via Email*

Cochise County Board of Supervisors  
Tom Crosby, [tcrosby@cochise.az.gov](mailto:tcrosby@cochise.az.gov)  
Ann English, [aenglish@cochise.az.gov](mailto:aenglish@cochise.az.gov)  
Peggy Judd, [pjudd@cochise.az.gov](mailto:pjudd@cochise.az.gov)

**Re: 2022 General Election Tabulation**

Dear Cochise County Board of Supervisors,

We understand that the Cochise County Board of Supervisors will vote next week on whether to conduct a hand count of all votes cast, despite both the Cochise County Attorney's and Legislative Council's determination that doing so would be unlawful. The Secretary of State agrees with the County Attorney and Legislative Council and urges the Board to abandon this misguided effort.

As you know, Arizona has rigorous standards in place to ensure that electronic voting systems used in our elections are secure and accurate, including federal and state certification requirements, pre- and post-election logic and accuracy testing, and post-election limited hand count audits. *See* EPM, Ch. 4, A.R.S. §§ 16-442, -449, -602. The use of electronic tabulation combined with these and other security measures allows counties to fulfill their statutory duties in a timely manner while ensuring the accuracy and integrity of our elections. Indeed, as recently explained by the General Counsel of the Arizona Legislative Council, Arizona law only contemplates manual counting of ballots where "it becomes impracticable to count . . . ballots with tabulating equipment." *See* A.R.S. § 16-621(C).

And this is for good reason: a full hand count raises numerous concerns. Notably, hand counting is necessarily time intensive and prone to human error. Any election director in Arizona—the official responsible for overseeing tabulation of ballots—can attest that it's impossible to complete an accurate hand count of an election with dozens of races on the ballot in time to comply with applicable statutory deadlines, including the county canvass deadline. A.R.S. § 16-642(A) (requiring counties to canvass between six and twenty days after an election). Additionally, transitioning to a full hand count this close to the election raises operational and security concerns. Election procedures are generally developed

through careful consideration and with sufficient time to prepare for an upcoming election. In fact, Cochise County has already filed its election program and emergency contingency plan for the General Election with the Secretary of State, confirming its usage of electronic equipment for this election. *See* A.R.S. § 16-445(A). Early voting for the 2022 General Election began over a week ago, and counties are already permitted by law to begin processing and tabulating ballots. Drastically changing procedures now—mere weeks before Election Day—creates significant risk of administrative error and has the potential to cause voter confusion and mistrust in our elections.

Even if, as indicated at the Board’s October 11, 2022 work session, the Board intends to tabulate votes electronically and conduct a full hand count only to audit those machine-tabulated results, the Board has no authority to do so. County boards of supervisors have only those powers “expressly conferred by statute,” and the Board “may exercise no powers except those specifically granted by statute and in the manner fixed by statute.” *Hancock v. McCarroll*, 188 Ariz. 492, 498 (App. 1996) (quotations omitted). A.R.S. § 11-251(3) gives the Board the power to canvass election returns. It does not grant the power to unilaterally perform a full hand count audit of all votes. While A.R.S. § 16-602 and the Elections Procedures Manual lay out procedures for a limited post-election hand count audit, nothing in Arizona law authorizes the Board to conduct a full hand count outside of those procedures. Similarly, Arizona law authorizes recounts only when the canvassed results fall within the statutorily designated margin. A.R.S. § 16-661. And when an automatic recount is triggered, it must be done by electronic tabulation. A.R.S. § 16-664. The Board would therefore be exceeding its authority under Arizona law if it conducts a full hand count under the guise of either a hand count audit or a recount. The Board cannot simply make up its own extra-statutory process.

If the Board votes to proceed with a full hand count—putting at risk the accuracy and integrity of our elections—the Secretary will take all available legal action to ensure that Cochise County conducts the 2022 General Election in compliance with Arizona law. If that occurs, we note that Arizona law provides for mandatory fee shifting under these circumstances. A.R.S. § 12-348.01. We are all stewards of taxpayer dollars, and taxpayers should not bear the burden of the Board’s contemplated unlawful action. We sincerely hope such action is unnecessary and that the Board will follow the advice of its own attorney, protect the integrity of our elections, and ensure continued compliance with Arizona law.

Please let me know if you need additional information.

Sincerely,



Kori Lorick  
State Elections Director  
Arizona Secretary of State Katie Hobbs  
[klorick@azsos.gov](mailto:klorick@azsos.gov)

cc

Tim Mattix, Clerk of the Board

[tmattix@cochise.az.gov](mailto:tmattix@cochise.az.gov)

Christine Roberts, Chief Civil County Attorney

[croberts@cochise.az.gov](mailto:croberts@cochise.az.gov)

Richard Karwaczka, County Administrator

[rkarwaczka@cochise.az.gov](mailto:rkarwaczka@cochise.az.gov)

Sharon Gilman, Deputy County Administrator,

[sgilman@cochise.az.gov](mailto:sgilman@cochise.az.gov)

Lisa Marra, Elections Director

[lmarra@cochise.az.gov](mailto:lmarra@cochise.az.gov)

David Stevens, County Recorder

[dstevens@cochise.az.gov](mailto:dstevens@cochise.az.gov)